

AGRICULTURAL.

Facts Theories and Experiences for Farmers.

Pointers for Manitoba Farmers.

FENCES AND FUEL.

There is nothing in the Northwest more repellant to the feeling of immigrants from England and Ontario, than the long stretches of prairie, which first meet him in Northern Minnesota, or at Winnipeg, and keep him company with very few breaks indeed, till he reach the foothills of the Rockies. Of course the man who has room in his mind for nothing but prospective bushels No. 1, hard, is delighted to look out on such an extensive clearing. But even he very soon feels the want of timber, and to the man who comes to make this country his home, the want of timber both for ornament and use becomes a very serious drawback.

How is this great want to be met? The settlers on the wide prairies to the west of the Mississippi has no difficulty, if a man of average energy, in dealing with the case. He turns out a few parallel furrows along his boundary line, scatters along these furrows at the proper season twigs of cottonwood, covers them up and in a year or two has a wind-break, thick enough and high enough to be both a fence and valuable shelter for his stock and buildings. Within that border line he can sow the seeds of hard wooden trees and a few years sees a well sheltered, home-like farm.

Here, the process of improvement may take longer time, but it is practicable all the same, only the most of action must be adapted to our special adoption. This country may be too cold for cottonwood, and besides the young plants are liable to be yearly swept by prairie fires, unless specially protected. This is one of the strongest objections to a barbed wire fence. It offers no protection from fire, is itself liable to be at any time burned down, and can never be made a shelter. The most effectual way of getting a fence combined with first-rate shelter is to build a turf wall along the west and north side of the land. If along each side of the line of the proposed fence a few furrows are run the foundation of a lasting turf wall between two and three feet wide at bottom may be laid for say four hundred yards long, and two feet high to start with, laying on another foot or two of turf whenever a day can be spared for it. If along the foundation are thinly scattered shoots of the red willow, or seeds of the common thorn, you have an almost certainty of a live fence growing up to protect the turf one, especially if the planting is done in May or June. Not a great deal of time of two active men, one ploughing and the other building, would surround a farm with such a wall five or six feet high, narrow at the top and topped with stone, if any are on the ground. If convenient to this a few rubbing posts are sunk well into the ground, there is little risk of cattle rubbing down even a turf wall. Inside such a shelter a bushel of mixed seeds, sown on well prepared ground, will grow up in a few years; indeed, there is plenty of land on which poplars will grow spontaneously, if only they get a chance. If this country is to become a home for the settlers upon it, some such plan must be tried, and enforced, wherever good shelter as well as a permanent fence is required.

The men who get hold of a fine wheat growing section, work it under the shelter of the herd law for a few years, harry the virgin soil, and then sell their "improvements" to a tenderfoot, will laugh at such a proposal, but if our best lands are to be saved from ruin we must make provision for future fencing and fuel, even if the provision is to be compulsory.

Of course a good barb wire fence is at the start the readiest and cheapest, but it becomes of less value every year. To protect it from the rubbing of cattle, the cause of more mischief to fences than perhaps anything else, the plan of the Rev. Sidney Smith should be tried. He got a church in Yorkshire and a glebe, for which no one would pay rent, so he tried farming himself, much to the amusement of his experienced neighbors. But the awkwardest rider in the country, and as ignorant of crops as his neighbors were of Greek, on some points he soon came out ahead. Seeing his fences going down every week, he stuck up a pair of posts a dozen feet apart all over the place, to which a strong pole was fixed across the top in a slanting direction. Pigs and sheep rubbed their backs under the lower end, horses did the same at the

other, and so on down the line of cows and calves. His live stock were delighted with the new invention, his fences stood unharmed, and the farmers owned up and followed his example.

To all farmers who have to travel long distances to seek a yearly diminishing supply of fuel, we would urge the immediate necessity and great advantage of trying to raise a stock of their own, and protecting it from fire as best they know how. Some of the finest districts in the old country have been made so by judicious planting, and we wind up our "Pointers" by quoting for rural readers, the counsel Sir Walter Scott put in the mouth of the old Scotch laird who on his deathbed thus wound up his advice to his son, "And Jack put aye in another tree. It'll be growin' when ye're sleepin'." This advice is as urgently needed in Manitoba today as it was in Scotland a century ago.

CANADIAN.

Robert Smiley, of Burlington Plains, was knocked down by an engine at Watroun Station, on Friday and his leg so badly mangled that it has to be amputated. It is thought he will not recover.

The British Columbia House by a vote of 23 to 1 re-enacted that anti-Chinese immigration bill passed last session, and disallowed at Ottawa. The bill imposes stringent penalties on any person bringing a Chinaman into the province, and provides for fine and imprisonment of all Chinamen who enter the country on any pretext whatever.

The result of the Canifton Church trial at Belleville, is that Rev. M. Allen has been interdicted from preaching until the conference has passed upon the matter. Two charges against him have been proved. Of the charges against Rev. Mr. McCauley, two sections of one charge were proved, but the charge as a whole was not proved. The committee asked his resignation as superintendent of the circuit. Mr. McCauley says he will continue to discharge his duties.

In the celebrated alimony suit of Magurn vs. Magurn, the Court of appeal Toronto, confirmed the judgment of Chancellor Boyd, allowing the wife \$10 monthly during her lifetime, his lordship holding that the domicile of the parties was Canadian, and that foreign divorce was binding upon them. The defendant Magurn, an insurance agent, married the plaintiff in Detroit in 1870, obtaining a divorce from her in St. Louis seven years later. He married again, and came here, having issue by his second wife. He will appeal direct to the Privy Council. He has entered a suit against his brother for \$10,000 damages for wrongfully inciting and encouraging the plaintiff in the alimony suit to bring on litigation.

During February 774 immigrants arrived in Toronto, compared with 232 during the corresponding month of last year. Of the number 18 went to Manitoba, 26 to the United States, and 139 remained in the province.

FOREIGN.

Portland, Oregon, March 4.—On Saturday night a railway accident on the Canadian Pacific Railroad near Westminster, B. C. A locomotive jumped the track near the edge of a deep canyon and went over a bluff about 200 feet high. A number of freight cars attached were also dragged into the fearful chasm. The wreck was complete, everything being crushed and broken into fragments. The engineer, fireman and brakeman all leaped in time to save their lives. The only person injured was the engineer, who had his arm badly mangled.

Jackson, Kan., March 4.—R. Calhoun, of Marion Centre, Kansas, has been tried on a charge of debauching fourteen young girls, members of his Sunday School. He was sentenced to forty years in the penitentiary.

COMPELLED TO YIELD.

Obstinate skin diseases, humors of the blood, eruptions and old sores are cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, which purify and regulate all secretions.

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Stranger—"Ticket to Montreal, Canada, please?"
Ticket Agent (whispering)—"Here it is; lay low."
Stranger—"What?"
Ticket Agent—"There is a detective right behind you."
Stranger—"What do I care for detectives?" I came here from Montreal on business and am merely returning home."
Ticket Agent—"Beg pardon; thought you were an American."

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It can be given it a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wretch. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their cups without their knowledge, and today believe quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Address, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.



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BOOKSTORE.

I take pleasure in informing the Citizens of Brandon and residents of the vicinity, that I have opened a new Book and Stationery store in the

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Masonic Block, where I should be pleased to meet all in need of any goods in my line.

I will always keep on hand a full line of plain and fancy Stationery, miscellaneous and Church books, and light reading.

ALL SCHOOL REQUISITES,
LEGAL BLANKS AND
LEGAL STATIONERY,

Of every description; fancy goods in variety;

TOYS

for the children, etc., etc.; in fact everything kept in a well appointed business.

I have formed such business connections as will enable me to get anything in any lines not in stock on the shortest notice. Special rates will be given to School Trustees and Teachers, Municipalities and other corporations that require large quantities of anything in my line. Any paper, book, or magazine published, will be secured and sent to any address on the shortest possible notice.

C. CLIFFE.



COPYRIGHT LAW.

The Board of Trade Petition
The Government on the
subject.

At a meeting of the council of the Toronto Board of Trade, held a few days ago, the following petition was forwarded to the government:—

1. That the Imperial copyright law, which has jurisdiction in Canada, presents many anomalies in its operation in the colonies, is prejudicial to the interests of British authors and publishers, whom it is designed to benefit; limits the operations and retard the development of the Canadian book trade, and has an injurious effect on all the industries connected with native publishing.

2. That the proximity of Canada to the neighboring republic, where there are unrestrained license in reprinting English copyrights, and every freedom in sending them into this country, makes the position of Canada an exceptional one in calling for relief from these anomalies, and in asking the home government to concede to Canada the privilege of legislating on copyright in accordance with our special needs, and for the protection of such interests as it is desirable to make provision for, and with the same freedom we now possess in legislating on patents.

3. That while the present copyright law prohibits the Canadian publishers from reprinting English copyrights in Canada, and places him under penalties for violating the act, it suffers the American reprints (which, in the main, pay no royalty to the author or copyright owner) to enter the country, and practically gives the supplying of the entire book market of Canada to a foreign people.

4. That common sense as well as policy dictates that the privilege we give to the foreign manufacturer should be given to the native publisher, with the effect of this would speedily be seen in the development of our own publishing industries, and would enable the English author to derive some benefit from the sale of his work in Canada.

5. That were the Canadian publishing trade free to reprint English copyrights, with the recognition of the author's rights, he would not only be in a position to supply the wants of our own people (now supplied by the foreigner), but it would be in his own power to extend the area of his operations into the United States, and there endeavor to compete with the practical American reprint.

6. That the effect of this might sensibly aid the efforts now being made in Congress to do justice to the British author, by the passing of an international copyright treaty.

7. That so long as the United States make no reciprocal concessions in the matter of literature to Britain to British colonies, Canada should be exempt from respecting the copyright privilege granted by the mother country to American writers, who may produce their works first in England.

That for all these reasons assigned, your memorialists pray your honorable house to press upon government the wisdom and policy of securing from the home government the right to legislate upon the whole subject of copyright, domestic and foreign, as may be deemed best to all interests concerned, and with the regard to Canadian publishing industries, and the intellectual and social benefit of the Canadian people.

BURLINGTON ITEMS.

Mild weather is making business brisk again.

R. Scott general merchant, has assigned, cause land speculating.

Parkinson of the firm of Parkinson & Milne, is doing a good business now.

G. Chambers has re-rented the Queen's hotel for a further term of six months. He is doing a good business.

R. Dobbie is running the livery stable in connection with the Queen's hotel.

Mathew Thompson is building a large hotel for the accommodation of travelers via the M. & N. W. Railway, which is to be at Shoal Lake by the 1st of June, when we can expect Burlington to boom.

J. W. Hurn is leasing his home-stand, and going to Minnedosa to live.

Matt Webb has taken to himself a wife.

Capt. McLaren is joined in holy bonds of wed-lock for the third time, more power to him.

The council meet at the Queen's hotel on the 20th of March.

THE TORONTO STORE.
SELLING OUT.
LEAVING BRANDON.

A Great Slaughtering Sale now going on, and to continue until the whole stock is disposed of.
Over \$20,000 worth of Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets, Blankets, Furs, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., will be offered the public at and far below cost. G.
As we are engaging in business in Ontario, this sale is SQUAKE and NO HUMBU.
Our Whole Stock must go at any price.

Heaps of Dry Goods

To select from: Large Stock of Plain and Branded Silks for Dresses and Mant

100 pieces Dress Goods, from 10 cents.

35 pieces Dress Cashmere, all colors and prices.

20 pieces Grey and Black Wool Fannels, below cost.

25 pieces Velvets, all shades and prices.

75 Ladies' Shawls and Jackets, at half price.

45 Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs, \$1.25.

18 dozen Ladies' Kilt Wool Hoods, Clouds, Jerseys, etc., cheap.

A large assortment of Ladies' Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Ties, Collars, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, etc.

240 All Wool Blankets, from \$1; Wool Yarns, 50 cents per lb.

15 pieces Wool, Hemp, Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, Oil Cloths, Cocoa Matting, Door Mats, etc.

75 pieces Two and Fourways, very low.

48 dozen Men's Wool Undr and Top Shirts, 65 cents.

50 dozen Fair Men's Sox and Mitts.

STOCKS OF CLOTHING away down, Tweed Suits, from \$6; Men's Fur Caps, from 55 cents.

Shops, Boots and Shoes, Rubbers and Hosiery, below cost.

CAR LOADS OF GROCERIES.

15 lbs. Extra Light Sugar, for \$1. 11 lbs. Extra Granulated Sugar, for \$1. 8 Cans Fresh Sweet Corn, for \$1. 9 lbs. Dried Apples, for \$1. 3 lbs. Cans Fresh Tomatoes, 15 cents.

Come early and take advantage of this Great Sale. You may not have another such opportunity for years to come. **TERMS CASH.**

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WHITEHEAD & WHITEHEAD,
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We desire with this to tender hearty thanks to you and our many customers throughout Manitoba and the Great North-West for your liberal support in the past. About two years ago we opened business here; and since then, our trade has rapidly increased, until to day we are glad to say it has far exceeded our highest expectations.

We have now TWO STORE HOUSES, and our store filled with goods from cellar to garret; and mostly bought by the car load lots in the best markets at BOTTOM PRICES for CASH.

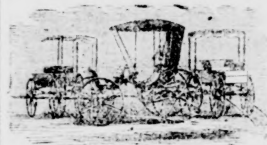
An attempt to enumerate would fill a book. Suffice it to say,—if you cannot get what you want of us it will be hard to find elsewhere,—(long credit excepted.) Our annual stock-taking season commences on January 15, 1885. We must reduce our stock before that date. We shall, therefore, from this time forward offer our entire stock at prices seldom equaled and NEVER SURPASSED.

WE SAY TO MERCHANTS, we will supply you at bottom wholesale prices. Hotels Boarding houses—on one will beat our prices.

WE SAY TO FARMERS, MECHANICS and THE PUBLIC, come and see. Comparison solicited. Competition defied. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Lever to regulate Depth of Cut and
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Brandon Weekly Mail,

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1885.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

We have now completed such arrangements with the publishers of *Health and Home*, a first-class family paper, as will enable us to give it free next year, to those subscribers of the *Mail* who pay up all arrears and remit \$2.00 for the year just entered upon. With this issue we send out statements to all in arrears to any extent, and shall look for a prompt response. Those who prefer the *Toronto Mail* or the *Toronto News* to *Health and Home*, can have either clubbed with our paper at \$2.50; in short we will give any other publication desired with the *Mail*, at a considerable reduction of the face value of both. We are fully aware that times are hard and money difficult to be got, and this is our chief reason for making a reduction in the regular price of our paper. It should also remind our readers that a newspaper cannot be run on the wind. We have a weekly outlay of very nearly \$100 in wages, rent, fuel and printing materials, that must be met by prompt payments, which prevent us giving the credit for subscriptions many seem inclined to take. We must insist on a prompt settlement of all arrears, and we make this offer as an extra incentive.

C. CLIFFE,
Ed. & Prop.

THE FARMERS' UNION.

If you encourage every individual to let his imagination loose upon all subjects, without any restraint from a sense of his own weakness, and his subordinate rank in the long scheme of things, then there is nothing of all that the opinion of ages has agreed to regard as excellent and venerable, which would not be exposed to destruction at the hands of rationalistic criticism.

It Edward Burke the great Irish statesman had had the Farmers' Union of Manitoba in his mind's eye, he could not have made a more happy hit at the extravagance, than he has in the extract above. That the Farmers have some well laid cause, of complaint no one who knows their circumstances will deny, though many of them are traceable to their own doors; but when every man of the number is encouraging grievances in his "imagination loose," without restraint, then all that "the opinion of ages has agreed to regard as excellent and venerable is exposed to destruction at the hands of rationalistic criticism."

For instance, Mr. Bailey told the late meeting at Winnipeg, and his "happy thought" was re-echoed by some of the minor satellites, that the Customs duties paid by Manitoba equal the entire value of the wheat crop of the country, when the Trade and Navigation Returns for the past year show the duties of Manitoba were but \$664,000, and it is computed the wheat crop of the country was 6,000,000 of bushels which at an average of 50 cents would realize three million dollars, or just five times the Customs' contribution.

That is one man loose in his imagination, and very loose at that. Mr. R. T. Folly told the gathering the farmers of this country were bettering their lot by scores in settling in Dakota, while Mr. Bailey at the same time went to Dakota, and urged the farmers there to ship their wheat via the C. P. R. on which they would be freed from monopoly; and the grain buyers or Emerson can prove hundreds of Dakota farmers have paid the Canadian duties this winter, and sold to them as a means of bettering their condition.

Dr. Fleming revived the yarn of selling oats at 10 cents a bushel in "this bastard son of a juvenile confederacy," when he could have got from 40 to 50 cents by holding his grain a few weeks longer.

Mr. Purvis revamped the elevator monopoly, but he failed to explain, though he has frequently promised to do so, why the Union does not pay the prices Mr. Mitchell says they are as his agents authorized to pay, his peculiar connection with those purchases with which Mr. Christie was associated, or why on the "advance purchase" system, that "go as

you please" order, the several hundred farmers who trusted to "the majesty of the plan" have been so badly bitten in the end.

Another wanted "Our Lands," to be on the same footing as the other provinces, forgetting that the School Lands, the inalienable heritage of the country cover a greater area than that given the other provinces, by the Imperial Government, on receiving provincial government, and that the \$100,000 a year net is a greater sum than ever Ontario ever received from territorial sales.

Another again wanted a separate tariff for this country, which all the prominent politicians of both shades agree is an impossibility—a rebate or draw back, meeting the same end, which could be given would not suit the purpose, nothing short of a brand new tariff would tickle the orator's idea of "right." It was thus with the rest, Charles Stewart, B. A., bringing up the rear with a secession meeting.

Barke says this kind of thing must bring to destruction all that the opinion of ages has agreed to regard as excellent and venerable, and we fully agree with his conviction.

Now, there is a matter that if handled as it ought to be, and as it can be, if only pressed upon the attention of the Local and Federal parliaments, and which would bring incalculable relief to all classes of ratepayers, and as yet no one of these orators has broached the subject—we refer to an arrangement for the payment of school debentures out of the sale of School Lands.

There are in this country, in two sections in every township, nearly two and a half millions of acres of School Lands, which taken section with section represent a value of from eight to ten million of dollars. It is in the same connection safe to say there is a School debenture indebtedness in the province of well nigh a half a million, of dollars, and upon which the overburdened pioneer is paying a high rate of interest. Winnipeg has we understand a debentured debt of some \$150,000. Portage la Prairie has one of \$35,000. Brandon one of considerable magnitude, and every municipality out side several more of these burdens, then why does not the Farmers' Union suggest to the Legislature the propriety of making an arrangement with the Federal Government for pledging the security of these lands for the payment of these debentures, and relieve the pioneer. It is not to relief a century from now the taxpayer of to-day most anxiously looks, but to immediate succor in this particular. Many of the towns and School Districts, will find themselves in inextricable difficulties, if relief of some such character is not secured, and the Farmers' Union, who desire Mr. Norquay ought to have such matters in hand, prefer spending their sessions fighting shadows in the moon, for the purpose of advancing the interest of a political party to handling it.

If those of the Conservative party of Manitoba, and there are a few inclined that way, refer to the precepts of Edmund Burke, that great political leader, they will find a line by which they ought to measure Mr. Norquay. Barke no sooner entered the Parliament from Bristol, England than he was forced to grapple with a measure for the restoration of liberty in Ireland, one of the conditions being the freedom of commerce in its cities, which had been restricted years before. Barke jumped at the measure with all the ardor he possessed, and in the face of protest after protest from his constituents, who being a commercial people were to be greatly injured by the proposed legislation. To these protests Mr. Burke replied, "I should only disgrace myself were I to lose the only thing which can make such obituary or mine of any use to the world now or hereafter. A member speaks the language of truth and sincerity who supports his opinion of the public good, and does not form

his opinion in order to get into Parliament, or to continue in it." This was Barke, but it is Norquay to have no opinion only as the exigencies of the case suggest it; to have one set of opinions when he expects to rise in Manitoba, favor, and another when he hopes to go to Ottawa. Norquay's idea of statesmanship is a very accommodating one, to say the least of it.

Says the Toronto World:

"In the matter of farm implements for the Northwest the triumph of the N. P. is overwhelming. Before the immigration and colonization committee of the House of Commons recently, evidence was given by Mr. Clegg, a prominent farmer and stock raiser from Brandon. He said that within the past two years the price of agricultural implements had greatly diminished; that wagons had fallen from \$90 to \$45 and \$50; binders from \$350 in 1881 to \$225 in 1884; and all other farm machinery in like proportion. Score one more for the N. P."

The World has forgotten to mention, probably because its friend Mr. Clegg, whoever he may be, hasn't posted it fully, that wheat fell off in price more than a hundred per cent. in the same period from 1881 to 1884, and that produce dropped proportionally. But that doesn't make any difference. Hurrah for the N. P., anyway! Winnipeg Sun.

[Yes; and but for the N. P. Ontario millers would last year have imported American wheat to the exclusion of Manitoba's frozen grain; and but for it this year, the Manitoba markets would have been flooded with Dakota wheat because of the lower prices across the lines. Hurrah for the N. P., anyway, say we. Ed. Mail.]

It is now more than likely the present difficulties between Great Britain and Russia will end in a war, and if it does it will be a war that will involve many other powers. Russia is jealous of England's power in India, and is very anxious to get a footing there. The latest information that both nations are making preparations, and England is now forwarding troops as fast as possible.

WITHOUT DOUBT.

Yellow Oil is par excellence the remedy for Pain, Lameness, Rheumatism, Croup, Deafness, Burns, Frost Bites, Stiff Joints and all Flesh wounds. Any medicine dealer can furnish it.

HOW GUN-BARRELS ARE MADE.

The beautiful waved lines and curious flower-like figures that appear on the surface of the barrels are really the lines of welding, showing that two different metals, iron and steel, are intimately blended in making the finest and strongest barrels. The process of this welding and blending steel and iron is a very interesting one. Flat bars, or ribbons, of steel and iron are alternately arranged together and then twisted into a cable. Several of these cables are then welded together, and shaped into a long flat bar, which is next spirally coiled round a hollow cylinder, called a mandrel; after which the edges of these spiral bars are heated and firmly welded. The spiral coil is now put upon what is called a welding mandrel, is again heated, and carefully hammered into the shape of a gun-barrel. Next comes the cold hammering, by which the pores of the metal are securely closed. The last, or finishing operation is to turn the barrel on a lathe to exactly its proper shape and size. By all the twistings and weldings and hammerings, the metals are so blended that the mass has somewhat the consistency and toughness of woven steel and iron. A barrel thus made is very hard to burst. But the finishing of the inside of the barrel is an operation requiring very great care and skill. What is called a cylinder-bored barrel is where the bore or hole through the barrel is made of uniform size from end to end. A choke-bore is one that is a little smaller at the muzzle end than it is at the breech end. There are various ways of "choking" gun-barrels, but the object of all methods is to make the gun throw its shot close together with even and regular distribution and with great force. There are several kinds of metallic combinations that gunmakers use, of the principal of which are called Damascus, Bernard, and laminated steel; the Damascus barrels are generally considered the best.

The Government are about to ask the assent of Parliament to an increase of 20,000 men in the army.

VITAL QUESTIONS.

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians: "What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention of uric acid, and all the diseases of ailments peculiar to Women?"

Ask the same physicians: "What is the most reliable and sure cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c., and they will tell you:

"*Maudsley's or Dandelion?*" Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable. And compounded into *Hop Bitters*, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ailment can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is:

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Almost dead or nearly dying." For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, colds, consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy? From agony of neuralgic nervousness, wakefulness and other diseases peculiar to women, have been cured.

People drawn out of shape by exerting pains of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from Erysipelas?

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion and in fact almost all diseases of the system, is cured.

Have been cured by *Hop Bitters*, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

None genuine without a bunch of hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, cheap stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

BRENDA.

The fire fiend has again been amongst us. During the high wind of Wednesday week the roof of Mr. Bower's house caught fire, and soon the house a frame one was totally destroyed. Mr. Bower saved his organ and a few other articles; his loss will amount to at least six hundred dollars. The past week has been delightful weather, the snow going fast, sleighing will soon be done if more snow don't come.

AN EXCELLENT REPORT.

Hon. Jos. G. Goodridge, of Brookline, N.Y. writes: "I cannot express myself in sufficient, praiseworthy terms of Burdock Blood Bitters which I have used for the past two years with great benefit."

THE THREE BALL GAME.

"Look here Moses," said a slim young man, going into a pawnbroker's shop, "didn't you see me on the street, yesterday?" "Vell, younk veller, I should think I did." "Did you see me how to you?" "I vas." "Well, why in thunder didn't you, return it?"

"Ko shlow, mine vrent, ko shlow. A man vot ish in my pizziness don't return noddings without he hash der teget, und vunder you git me dot teget, just count me in vor returning ellery things vot you git me."

Oh—ah—ceuse me, there's a friend calling me, and sticking the end of his empty watch chain back into his pocket, the same young man walked out.—*Merchant Traveler.*

On Friday evening a woman got on a G. T. R. car bound east. She held a baby up to the window near Wales, and suddenly it dropped from her hands and disappeared. The woman frantically jumped out of the car after it, the train's speed at the time being 40 miles an hour. The engine was stopped as soon as possible and a freight train notified to pick up the remains of the woman and child, as it was expected that they were not alive. Both, however, were found alive and but little the worse for the shock they had received.



(L. S.) LANDSDOWNE.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern, greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. W. BURRIDGE, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada.

WHEREAS it is, in and by an Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-second year of Our Majesty, chapter twenty-six, known as "The Manitoba Land Claims Act, 1884," amongst other things is enacted, that in or order that all persons having or intending to prefer any claims referred to in the said Act may be fully apprised of the provisions of the said Act, the Governor in Council may cause proclamation of the said Act to be made.

AND WHEREAS in order of Our Governor General in Council was passed on the seventeenth day of January in the year of Our Majesty, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, an Act directing that a proclamation do issue according to the tenor of the following, that is to say:—

WHEREAS in the Act passed in the forty-third year of Our Majesty, chapter three, entitled "An Act for the final settlement of claims to lands in Manitoba by occupation, under the Act thirty-third Victoria, chapter three," it was provided that from and after the first day of May in the year of Our Majesty, one

thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all and every the rights and claims given by the third and fourth sub-sections of the thirty-third section of the Act thirty-third Victoria, chapter three, or by any Act amending or referring to the same, should, in so far as respects rights to grants from the Crown, with respect to which application had not been made to the Department of the Interior before that day, cease and determine; and also that such claims made before that day but which had not been established to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, should be barred and cease, effectually as if such claims had not been made, saving claims made before that day and which, before the expiration of six months after that day had been referred to the Commissioner of Commissioners under act thirty-eighth Victoria, chapter three; and, whereas it is expedient to extend the time for making such claims; Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons, enacts as follows:—

1. The Act first mentioned in the preamble of this Act shall be read and construed as if the first day of May in the year of Our Majesty, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six had been inserted instead of the first day of May in the year of Our Majesty, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, as the date from and after which such rights should cease, and as the limit of time for making claims to such grants.

2. And that a person having, or intending to prefer any such claims aforesaid, may be fully apprised of the provisions of this Act, the Governor in Council may cause Proclamation of this Act to be made.

3. This Act may be cited for all purposes as "The Manitoba Land Claims Act, 1885."

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed, and we have hereunto set our hand and the Seal of the Privy Council of the Dominion of Wales, at Ottawa, this 11th day of January, in the fourth year of Our Majesty, Queen Victoria.

By Command,
J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Secretary of State.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this SEVENTH day of January, in the year of Our Majesty, Queen Victoria, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and in the forty-eighth year of Our Majesty.

By Command,
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Secretary of State.

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CANADIAN.

Robert Smellie, of Burlington, was struck by a Grand Trunk train at Waterdown. His legs were frightfully mangled. He will probably die.

Thomas M. Daly, long identified with the history of this country, is dead. He represented Perth County for many years in the Dominion and Local Parliaments.

Voting on the question of incorporating Stratford as a city, has resulted in favor of incorporation by eight hundred majority.

There are four places on the different lines of street railway in Indianapolis, where the drivers are furnished with hot coffee during the cold weather at the expense of the company.

Thomas A. Edison, the electrician, has gained about forty pounds in the last four or five years, and is no longer the cadaverous slave of the lamp that used to haunt the groves of Menlo Park.

The Dominion Grange has resolved to memorialize the Government not to increase the duty on flour, as it would add to the burdens of the people, especially those of the Maritime Provinces, without advancing the price of wheat in Ontario and the Northwest.

While Thomas Kenney was coming down stairs this morning with a lighted lamp, it exploded, setting fire to his clothes. The house also took fire and was extinguished with difficulty. Kenney, who was terribly burned, lies in the hospital in a low condition.

Luminous paint is in great demand in regions where earthquakes are prevalent. In the Philippine Islands small metallic plates coated with the paint are so disposed about the houses as to afford ready guidance at the first intimation of an earthquake for the inmates reach the street doors and make their escape.

An interesting memento of Dr. Samuel Johnson is still to be found on the spot that once was the site of Mrs. Thrale's garden. It is an oak tree of which nothing remains but the hollow trunk, about ten feet in diameter, inside of which a young poplar tree is growing. Johnson used to sit in its shade of an afternoon to scold and discourse and swallow his tea.

Mr. Mowat in answer to a deputation of the Toronto Temperance Electoral Union regarding the steps to enforce the law separating the sale of liquor from grocery shops, said the Government was embarrassed to some extent by the prestige of the Dominion Government, who refused to decide the question of authority. He would have the matter considered in council, and announce their position publicly at the earliest opportunity.

PROVINCIAL.

—Pleg Smith, of Indianford; Alvah Gilbert, of Rossburn; Wesley J. Souch, of Portage la Prairie; W. C. Pomeroy, of Mowbray; and Edward McKivar, of Greenwood, have been appointed game guardians.

—The Canadian Pacific railway are now running sleeping cars to Moosejaw twice per week, on Monday and Wednesdays.

STICKING RIGHTS to BUSINESS.

"Whatch doin', Bill?" "Fishin." "Gimme a hook; mine's broke." "Haint got no hook." "Then lemme some bait." "Haint got no bait." "Ketch any fish?" "Naw." "Gits tenny bites?" "Naw." "Then watcher doin'?" "Fishin."

HE HAD ONLY ONE REQUEST to MAKE.

"Then, am I to understand that you reject my offer? In that case I have only one request to make, which I fervently hope you will not refuse."

"What is it?" "That you will never, never betray what I have just revealed to you of the deep feelings of my inmost heart." "Oh, certainly not. But why?" "Because—ahem!—well—because, I intend proposing to your eldest sister to-morrow."

HER LEGS are ENTIRELY TOO SMALL.

People should not be too prompt in appropriating either supposed compliments or criticisms to themselves or their friends. The other evening Mrs. Snailshell gave a party in honor of her daughter, who was home from the conservatory, where she had been endeavoring to make a prima donna of herself. Mr. Talkay was one of her guests, and being one of the wealthiest young men present, was shown marked favor by the proud mother of the prospective singer.

"Don't you think she is pretty?" queried Mr. Snailshell, looking upon her daughter with great pride. Mr. Talkay, who was deeply interested in the efforts of a kitten to capture its tail, supposing she referred to it, replied:

"Very pretty, madam—very pretty, indeed, but it seems to me that her legs are entirely too small for her body, and, like a man after a jack-o lantern, she is pursuing something she can never hope to attain." Mrs. Snailshell cut his acquaintance then and there.

GREAT SPRING

AUCTION SALE!

AT THE

REPOSITORY,

ROYAL HOTEL,

BRANDON,

Wednesday, March 18th,

OF

HORSES

MULES,

Oxen, Cows, Pigs,

&c., &c.

A Fine Herd of well-bred

HEIFERS

To Calve early.

Amongst the Pigs will be found Choice Berkshire and Suffolk Sows and 3 thorough-bred Boars.

Large quantity of pure bred and common

FOWLS.

IMPLEMENTS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Waggons, Buggies, Buckboards, &c.

These Sales take place ONLY on the third Wednesday in every month.

P. E. DURST, THE PIONEER JEWELLER,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Gold and Silver, English, Swiss and American Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Electro Plated Ware, Spectacles, Compasses, Telecopes.

ROCKFORD WATCH,



Sole Agent for the Celebrated

THE RAILROAD TIMEKEEPER.

Agent for W. MILLICAMPS SHOW CASES.

Personal supervision to all REPAIRING, and satisfaction guaranteed. ROSSER AVENUE, BRANDON.

MAPS, MAPS, MAPS, JUST OUT.

MAP OF BRANDON COUNTY

Showing the Topography of the County, Schools, Post Offices, Bridges, and other improvements to date. Size 32x42.

Handsomely mounted and varnished with rollers top and bottom..... \$1.50 Sheet copies mailed to any address..... 2.00

MAP OF MANITOBA,

Showing Judicial Districts, Counties, Etc. Mounted same as County Map..... \$3.00 Sheet copies mailed to any address..... 1.00

MAP OF CITY OF BRANDON,

Showing position of buildings, graded streets, sidewalks tanks and all public and private improvements.

Corrected and revised to January 1st, 1885, mounted same as County Map..... \$1.50 In sheet mailed to any address..... 50

Government, Railway, C. P. R., and School Maps always on hand.

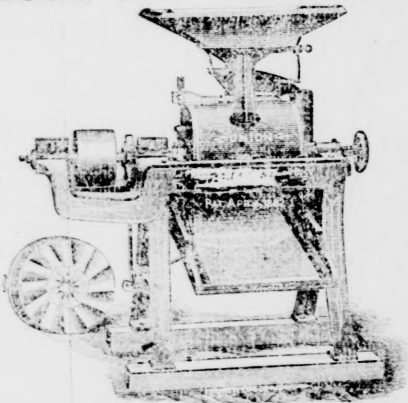
These Maps are on view at the

POST OFFICE BOOKSTORE.

Or may be had by addressing,

J. H. BROWNLEE, Provincial Land Surveyor, Brandon.

"UNION" FLOUR AND FEED MILL.



Combining NEW FEATURES never before shown in FLOUR and FEED MILLS, with or without Belting Attachments.

The great Buhr Stone Grinders.

For Farmers and Millers.

—RUN BY EITHER—

WINDMILL STEAM OR HORSE POWER.

"WINDMILL POWER IS THE CHEAPEST."

We are Sole Agents for the great Challenge

Screw Gear, Double Header and Pumping

WINDMILLS, for driving machinery and pumping water.

Windmills from 1 Man to 30 Horse Power.



We also keep a full line of Iron and Wood Pumps. Call or send for Illustrated Catalogue, Price List and testimonials.

JOHN C. TODD & SON., BRANDON, MANITOBA.

A PLOT TO AID EL MAHDI. A Strange Story About The Dynamite in Paris.

New York, Feb. 25.—For some time it has been noticed that great activity has prevailed among the dynamite element in Paris. Secret meetings have been frequently held and delegates have come and gone from America and elsewhere. These meetings have been noticed in the London press, whose Paris correspondents have explained the activity of the dynamite, as a preparation for a congress, shortly to be held in that city, for the purpose of bringing about a union between the advocates of "scientific warfare" and the old Fenian organization.

The real cause of the unusual stir among the dynamite war party who have made Paris their headquarters, "has not been the assembling of an impossible congress, but the adoption of means to assist El Mahdi in the destruction of the British force in the Sudan. It has been learned from a secret but reliable source that certain individuals, skilled in the use of explosives and who have seen military services in Europe and America, have left Paris already and are now on their way to the Sudan. It is said that the suggestion originated with Henri Rochefort, through whose services "safe conduct" was obtained for

THE "MISSIONARIES."

It will be remembered that when J. J. O'Kelly was sent out by the London Daily News after the death of O'Donovan with Hicks Pasha's army, Rochefort procured for him letters securing for him a safe conduct to the camp of the Mahdi. The letters were procured from an Arab resident in Paris, who edits a little paper published in Arab and English, and which is distributed among the leading Moslems in several cities of the Levant. O'Kelly proceeded on his way to join the Mahdi, and would have succeeded but that Clifford Lloyd, learning his intention, intercepted and held him a prisoner. Besides, it is certain that Oliver Pann, the communist, and other Europeans known to Rochefort and his friends are at present in El Mahdi's service. The object of the missionaries will be to instruct the Mahdi in the manner of paralyzing and destroying the British forces in the Sudan. To this end they will endeavor to press on El Mahdi and his advisers the necessity of avoiding pitched battles or fighting in the open field, and will demonstrate to him how the advantages or disadvantages on both sides will be equalized.

THE ARAB SPEAR

in the dark will be as effective as the English bayonet, and machine gun magazine guns will be useless. Have not English officers declared that, man for man, the British were not equal to the Arabs in the hand-to-hand fight at Tel Sheh when Osman Digna's men smashed the British square and turned for a time the English defence into an utter rout? And have not the Arabs, almost every time they attacked the invader since, broken the much-debated British square, hitherto deemed invincible? While some of the missionaries will strike direct for the Mahdi's camp, others will proceed to join Osman Digna, near Suakim. Some difficulty may be encountered in reaching El Mahdi, but there will be no trouble in reaching the camp of Osman Digna. Indeed it is through Osman Digna's territory, and not by way of Cairo that the missionaries purpose going. They do not believe in Wolsey's

"NINETEEN HUNDRED MILES STRATEGY."

and now, as the fall of Khartoum with its arms and military stores will place an abundance of resources in the hands of the Mahdi, the Paris council deem it all the more necessary to dispatch a few experienced and daring individuals to the aid of the Arab chief. A certain number of missionaries were to be sent from America, and it has leaked out that arrangements have been made with the Bordeaux Trans-Atlantic and Italian line of steamers for the transportation of a number of individuals under fictitious names, to the ports of Marseilles and Havre, whence they will be conveyed by the Messager maritime company to some point on the Red Sea coast.

Your correspondent called at the office of O'Donovan Rossa and asked Mr. Joyce, Rossa's lieutenant, if there was any foundation for the story. Mr. Joyce looked puzzled for a moment, denied all knowledge of such an enterprise, and contrary to his usual custom, was

RETIKENT AND UNCOMMUNICATIVE.

When asked if Rossa knew anything about it, Mr. Joyce answered that he could not tell if he did, and that Rossa could not be seen anyhow. With a grim smile he referred the correspondent for further information to Mrs. Dudley.



TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS marked "Tenders for 1900" and addressed to the Hon. the President of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up till noon on THURSDAY, the 2nd of February next, for furnishing Oats for the N. W. Mounted Police, to be delivered as follows:—

At the Police Barracks.

At Regina, not later than the 1st June, 100,000	lbs.
At Calgary, do do 100,000	
At Moose Creek, do do 100,000	
At Medicine Hat, do do 100,000	
At the C. P. R. Station, Medicine Hat, not later than 1st June, 100,000	

Oats to be delivered in burlap sacks, to be furnished by the contractor without extra charge and to be retained by the Police.

Samples of Oats, which must be of good quality, to accompany tenders.

The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank Cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the oats tendered for which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract, when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

Payment for oats contracted for will be made on 30th July next.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority.

FRED WILKIE,
Controller,
N. W. M. Police.

Ottawa, 19th January, 1895.

T. LEE & CO.

Importers and manufacturers of all kinds

Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Brides, Whips, etc.

SATCHELS AND VALISES

of all kinds.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRING TRUNKS.

Oxen and Horses' Outfit

Trunk Locks and Keys always on Hand.

SIXTH STREET, NEAR ROSSER AVE.

Royal Stage Route,

BRANDON, MINOTA AND ANTLERS.

LEAVES Royal Hotel, Brandon, Fridays at 7 a.m., via Rosserford, Souris, Minto, Melend, Napinka, arriving at Minota Saturday at 2 p.m. Leaves Minota Monday at 7 a.m. for Antlers, via Sourisford, connecting at Butterfield with stage for Wink and Workman, arriving at Antlers at 2 p.m. Returning, leaves Antlers at 7 a.m. Tuesday, Minota at 7 a.m. Wednesday, Souris at 9 a.m. Thursday, arriving at Brandon on Thursday at 2 p.m. Express parcels carried at moderate rates. Parties looking for homesteads or land should take a trip over this line which runs 120 miles S.W. from Brandon, through the celebrated Souris River district, the garden of South Manitoba. For further information enquire at the office of Royal Hotel, Brandon, or by correspondence addressed to the undersigned. Excellent accommodation at all stopping places along the line at very low rates. Return Tickets good for 10 days at reduced rates.

E. P. SNIDER, Prop., Minota, 4.4.36, Man. Oct. 13, 1894.

FIRE!!!

—THE—

CALEBONIAN

INSURANCE COMPANY

is prepared to insure buildings and stock against loss by fire in Brandon and vicinity.

E. FITZBUCKE, Brandon.

LEWIS & KERRY, Winnipeg, General Agents, Man.

CITY OF BRANDON.

TAXES! TAXES!

Notice is hereby given that five per cent. will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on the

1st DAY OF MARCH NEXT.

and taxes in arrears after that date will be collected by distress on the goods and chattels of persons owing the same.

D. M. McMillan, Collector.

City Hall, Feb. 14th, 1895.

NOTICE!

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership between J. Child and James T. Child, which was dissolved by mutual consent, all debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to J. Child at Brandon, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said J. Child by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Brandon this twenty-seventh day of January, A. D. 1895.

JAMES T. CHILD,
ARTHUR W. TIMEWELL.

Witness,
W. A. Macdonald.

MAYWOOD'S

TRANSFER CO

HAVING removed their Office to the opposite side of Ross Avenue, box to inform the Public that they are now prepared to do all kinds of

DRAWING

in the City.

Freight & Baggage

of all kinds carefully handled.

Safes, Pianos, Organs, and Household Furniture moved with care and promptness.

A COMPANY OF MODERATE.

OFFICE: C. R. 8th STREET & ROSSER AVE

All Orders left at the Office will receive prompt attention.

A. MAYWOOD & SONS

SPECIAL NOTICE

To Merchants throughout the Country.

The time will soon come when the Farmers will be asking for Machine Oil.

McCall's LARDINE

Is conceded on all sides to be the BEST OIL for Mowing and Threshing Machines. It does not gum, and wears fully as well as Castor or Sweet Oil, and is only about one-half the price. Give our Traveler an order, or send for sample lot.

McCALL B. J. O. Toronto, Ont.

For sale by JAMES A. SMAR, Brandon

Bower, Blackburn Mundle & Porter, IMPORTERS

WHOLESALE

General Merchants

Ready-Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

Carpets, Hardware, Brushes

Crockery, Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods.

—STORES—

Cor. Tenth Street & Pacific Avenue.

BRANDON, MAN.

JOHN DICKINSON

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, etc.

Corner Ninth St. and Rosser Avenue.

BRANDON, MANITOBA

W. F. WILSON,

STILL TO THE FRONT

IN THE

Furniture Business,

with the largest and best selected stock of goods ever brought into the city, all selected personally at the manufacturers' bought at prices that will enable me to sell lower than has ever been known in the Province. Special low prices on Parlor and Bedroom suites for the next Thirty Days. A full line of Picture Frames, Mouldings, Pictures, Frames, Brackets, Mirrors, Fancy Goods

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Corner Rosser Avenue and 6th Street
Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

THE WALL PAPER EMPORIUM

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

48 Cases Latest Designs in Wall Papers

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. SPECIAL PRICES FOR HOTELS.

Wholesale and Retail.

WM. H. SAUNDERS, 9, MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG.

Uxbridge Organs.

The Organ Tests of the past year have placed the Uxbridge Organs

Far ahead of all its Competitors.

The Company having secured some of the some of the VERY BEST WORKMEN which can be found on the continent, have thus been enabled to combine more improvements than can be found in any other organ, and make an instrument

Elegant in design, Durable, and complete in all its parts.

The Company's Organs have been awarded over Sixty First-Class Prizes.

Their Factory has been running over two years, and the past year the greater part of that time until late in the night, and then not able to fill their orders as fast as they came in.

A Company of so long standing has a reputation which protects its customers, and furnishes unquestionable warrants.

For Terms, Prices, or Information, write

Mr. C. CLIFFE, Brandon.

Or to the

UXBRIDGE ORGAN MANUFACTURING CO.,

UXBRIDGE, ONT.



ACTS UPON
THE BOWELS, LIVER, KIDNEYS
AND THE BLOOD.

THE BRANDON, SOURIS AND
MOOSE MOUNTAIN RAILWAY
COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate a company to be styled "The Brandon, Souris, and Moose Mountain Railway Company," with power to construct, build and equip a railway, from a point on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near the City of Brandon, thence in a south-westerly direction to a point in or near the Municipality of Souris River, thence westerly to a point in the Northwest Territories, District of Assiniboia, at the crossing of the Souris River, in or near township seven, range thirteen, west of the second principal meridian.

The capital, to be at least, and that such Act shall contain all necessary clauses for the purpose of enabling the acceptance of bonuses, in land or money, the building of bridges, the negotiation of adjacent rivers or lakes, the construction and equipment of a telegraph or telephone line, or both, in connection with the railway, the creation of stations and the making of traffic arrangements with other railway companies, and all other usual clauses and provisions necessary for a company with such objects and purposes.

J. TRAVERS LEWIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of November, 1894.

20-2

LA COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER DE BRANDON, SOURIS ET LA MONTAGNE AUX RATS.

AVIS est par les présentes donné qu'une application sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, demandant la sanction d'un acte pour incorporer une compagnie sous le nom de "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de Brandon, Souris, et la Montagne aux Rats," avec pouvoir de faire, construire et mettre en opération un chemin de fer depuis un endroit de la ligne principale du chemin de fer Canadien, jusqu'à un point de la ville de Brandon, de la direction du sud-ouest, jusqu'à un endroit dans ou près de la Municipalité de la Rivière Souris, de la vers l'ouest jusqu'à un endroit dans le Territoire du Nord-Ouest, dans le district d'Assiniboia, à la traversée de la rivière Souris, près ou dans le township sept, dans le treizième rang, à l'ouest du second méridien principal.

Le capital de la dite compagnie sera de \$250,000, et tel acte devra contenir toutes les clauses nécessaires à l'achat de terrains, l'érection de ponts, la négociation de rivières et lacs adjacents, la construction, complétion et mise en opération de la construction, complétion et mise en opération de la ligne télégraphique ou téléphonique ou les deux ensemble, en rapport avec le dit chemin de fer, l'établissement de stations et la facilité de faire le trafic avec d'autres arrangements avec les autres compagnies de chemins de fer et toutes autres clauses ordinaires et les privilèges nécessaires à une compagnie pour les fins et objets.

J. TRAVERS LEWIS,
Procureur des requérants.

Dated at Ottawa, ce 14ème jour de novembre 1894.

20-3

BRANDON POST OFFICE

Air Mail and Departure of Mails

MAILS CARRIED FOR BY "RAVE BRANDON."

For Rapid City, daily, at 8 p.m.

Delaware, Fridays, at 8 a.m.

Millford, Mondays, at 8 p.m.

Days, at 8 a.m.

Minota, Fridays, at 7 a.m.

Souris, Tuesdays, at 2:30 p.m.

Pendennis, Fridays, at 11 a.m.

Train leaves for the East at 12:30 a.m. Mails closed at 12 a.m.

Leaves for the West at 12 a.m. Mails closed at 12:30 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVING AT THIS OFFICE.

From Rapid City, daily, at 1:30 a.m.

Delaware, Tuesdays, at 5 p.m.

Millford, Mondays, at 11 a.m.

Fridays, at 8 a.m.

Minota, Thursdays at 5 p.m.

From Souris, Mondays, at 11:30 a.m.

Pendennis, Fridays, at 11 a.m.

Train from the East due at 3 p.m.

Train from the West due at 12 a.m.

MAILS NOTED.

This office is open daily, Sundays excepted from 9 a.m. until 7 p.m.

Monday order branch open from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m.

Registered matter must be in 15 minutes before mail closes.

J. C. KAVANAGH,
Post Master.

Notice to Creditors!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that George Lindsay of the Town of Rapid City in the County of Minnecota, and Province of Manitoba, Charles Merrett, has made an assignment to J. C. Kavanagh, of the City of Brandon in the County of Brandon, Banker of all his real and personal estate, for the benefit of all his creditors.

All creditors and others having claims against the said George Lindsay, or his estate, are requested to send by post, prepared to the undersigned within one month after this date a verified statement of their claims, and addresses with full particulars of their names and all debtors of the said George Lindsay are requested to pay the said Charles Merrett, forthwith, the respective amounts of their indebtedness.

Dated at Brandon this fourth day of February A.D. 1895.

W. A. MACDONALD, C. MERRETT,
Solicitors for Assignee.

HAIR DESTROYER.

ALEX. ROSS'S DEPILEDOR removes hair from the face, neck, and arms, one dollar per bottle, sent by post, secretly packed, for a dollar. Hair-remover for light or dark colored hair, of cantharides, for growth of hair, Chloroform, Room of roses, for giving beauty to the lips and cheeks; The hair destroyer, for removing hair, for black hair, each one dollar, sent by post for one dollar. Sprinkle for cracked limbs, 25¢; Medicine for chert, 15¢; Wound-healing, 25¢; One machine for shortening the nose, 3 dollars; For nose, the remedy for the skin, is "Ross's Toilet Magazine," 15¢. All secretly packed for stamps: 2¢, Lamb, Conduit Street, High Holborn, London, England, and had through all chemists.

TOWN TOPICS

Mr. Egan, of the C. P. R., went west on Tuesday last.

The city brass band are practising for the carnival to be held shortly.

St. Boniface is very anxious to have the Provincial show next autumn.

High Bluff is shipping large quantities of wood to Brandon, at regular intervals.

There were but eight passengers on the down train from Brandon on Friday.

There are several applicants for the chiefship and assistant chiefship of the city fire brigade.

Like other people, the C. P. R. are now skirmishing for a summer's supply of ice.

The Portage Agricultural Society is going to hold a spring show on the 15th of April.

The streets in the city were next to bare the last few days, and wheeled vehicles were in demand.

The assizes open on Tuesday next. There are but two criminal cases and but a limited number of civil actions on the docket.

Mr. W. F. Irwin brings up his family from the Portage on Monday, and is now settling down to Brandon life in real earnest.

The largest and best assorted stock of light reading in the west, is to be found at the Post Office book store, and don't you forget it.

Immigrant rates all rail, via Chicago, from Montreal to Winnipeg, are fixed at \$20, and 10 per cent. commission is allowed the selling agent.

If there is anything in the bear theory—that brain never comes out of his hair till the approach of spring—winter is drawing to a close, as bears have put in an appearance again.

Mr. Aquila Walsh, Dominion Land Commissioner at Winnipeg, fell dead on the streets of Winnipeg, on Saturday last. It is understood that Mr. H. A. Smith, his colleague, will be his successor.

They held an interesting railway meeting at Deloraine on the 24th ult. though principally through the efforts of Mr. George Morton, it was decided to send no delegates to Ottawa at the present.

Mr. John Gregory, of Whitehead, has his new mill now in full running order. It is one of the largest and best equipped institutions of the kind west of Winnipeg, and is affording more than a little convenience to the farmers around.

Last winter a misfortunate man from Carberry was so worked on by the fine eating of the Farmers' Union that he went out of his mind, and now the Free Press tells us that Charles Stewart has become demented. Who next? "One by one the roses fall."

Mr. A. C. Fraser, started for Ottawa on Monday last, to purchase a large stock of spring goods. Doubtless he will visit the scenes of his younger days, before his return, and bring with him many fond recollections of the past, as well as a large supply of the fashions of the present.

Some time ago thieves broke into the granary on the farm of Mr. A. Keenleyside, who is at present in Ontario, and stole therefrom 200 bushels of seed wheat, and 150 bushels of seed oats. The police have clues which will, it is believed, place the guilty parties in the cells before very long.

Mr. Purvis says that fledgling lawyers and broken down "Mugwumps" have had their day in the Farmers' Union. It now only remains to lop off the political frauds associated with it, and then the footless stocking without a leg, will take its true position among the institutions of the day.

The Rev. Mr. Cameron, of Wakopa, was in the city the other day, and told some friends, that a farmer living near that place sowed some wheat on the 27 ult. This was while our Ontario friends who speak of the severities of the winters of this country, were luxuriating in three feet of snow, and trains blocked on the railways.

Mr. John A. McLay, night operator on the C. P. R. here, left yesterday for Mexico. Mr. Daniels, a painter, also left for pastures new.

It is said that Mr. Joseph Bryan, implement dealer of this city, was married on Monday last, to Miss Lena Barnson, of Winnipeg. No more bachelor life for him, "not for Joseph."

Mr. Charles Stewart and Mr. Geo. Purvis, have a newspaper controversy as to the meaning of "Composmentis." They are both experts at it.

The faithful had a meeting in the city on Tuesday night, at which Mr. Greenway poured out the oil of consolation. It used to be Tory with him out and out in Ontario; for some time in this country it was "Provincial Rights," and now it is Grit. What will be the next bait to catch sprats?

At a special meeting of the Brandon Agricultural Society on Friday, Mr. J. W. Sifton was elected president in the room of Mr. Whitehead, who has gone to the Rockies contracting. Mr. Brenner was appointed a director, and the sale of one of the stallions, to Messrs. Elmond and Mann at \$1,500 was confirmed.

The Literary Society of this place, under the auspices of the young men, are to hold a meeting in the Old Fellows Hall this (Wednesday) evening. The programme consists of debates, &c. In the discussion to-night on that old question of "War and Intemperance," Messrs. Riesberry and Palmer take the one side and Messrs. Bowley and Mathewson contra.

The attorney general of the Reform party in this city woke up Wednesday morning, and saw a piece of crumpled paper on his door latch. It is presumed by some that he put it there on the sly, to announce the death of his Cabinet colleague in the battle at Winnipeg the day before. This country could afford two attorneys general in good spirits at one and the same time.

In naming the public men that Mr. Luxton supported in his time, including the McKenzie regime, the Winnipeg "Times" says, "And we could have also said that in a few months afterwards this selfsame Mr. Luxton appeared in Marquette as the standard bearer of this very same disreputable Ottawa crowd. Ave, and Mr. Norquay championed Mr. Luxton in support of this "disreputable Ottawa crowd," and the Times applauds him for his bravery and honor. They're a nice kettle of fish take them for all in all.

A meeting of the Directors of the Rock Lake, Souris Valley, and Brandon R. R. Co. was held in Mr. Woodworth's office in this city on Tuesday, which was attended by Messrs. Greenway, Sifton, Woodworth, Kenly, Reid, Thompson, Barnett, Nichol and Stewart. Mr. Greenway president, took the chair. The names of R. D. Folly, and Mr. Hector, of Oakland and Mayor Smart, of Brandon were added to the Directorate. It was decided to secure the Local Charter, and also the Dominion one, if the proceedings so far were properly conducted in the House. As neither was yet secured, but little could be done, but it was unanimously resolved to leave no stone unturned to prosecute the scheme to final success.

The Toronto Mail has an article which suggests that the Dominion Government relinquish its lien on C. P. R. securities for the loan of the thirty millions a year ago; that the company then hand fifteen millions of its bonds to the government with 7,500,000 acres of its lands, representing fifteen millions more; that this will enable the company to float the other fifteen millions of bonds to raise money to complete and equip the road; and that the government advance four millions of dollars at once to pay off pressing liabilities. This is its way out of the present difficulties; but as yet, it is premature to say what course the government will take.

CHILD MURDER.

A woman named Mrs. Warren was brought into the city on Wednesday last, charged with the murder of her child. The facts of the case appeared to be as follows: Mrs. Warren, a widow of about 35 years of age, and having a boy about nine years old, had been engaged as cook for a gang of men in the vicinity of Wolsley. Through promise of marriage one of the men succeeded in seducing her

and aware of her condition she left that place for Brandon, about two weeks ago. She was however unable to proceed further than Elkhorn where the child in question was born. Under the impression that the child could be left in some institution in Brandon she came to this city a week ago last Monday, and stayed at the Elie House. On the afternoon of the same day she purchased a small quantity of laudanum stating that it was for ear ache. In mistake, it is claimed for soothing syrup the child was given the laudanum. The next day she started for the west; but in the meantime the suspicious nature of the case reached detective O'Keefe who had her arrested by a mounted policeman, who found that she was carrying the dead body of her child with her. Both were brought to this city on Wednesday. At the coroner's inquest, of three sittings, the jury failed to elicit any definite evidence, although a large number of witnesses had been examined. They accordingly rendered the following verdict: That the deceased infant came to its death by some unknown cause.

MUNICIPALITY OF WHITEHEAD.

A meeting of the ratepayers of east Whitehead will be held at Alexander, on Wednesday next, the 18th inst., at 7 p. m. in McBride's store when the question of Manitoba's rights and other matters of interest to farmers will be discussed.

Dr. Fleming, president of the Farmers' Union, will be present, and address the meeting. All are invited to attend.

FOREIGN.

Extensive preparations are making throughout the north of Ireland to welcome the Prince and Princess of Wales.

The Nationalists propose a demonstration against the Prince of Wales during his tour in Ireland. It is intended to entore the closing of all shops in Kingston and Dublin and display National banners and present empty streets on the day of the Prince's arrival.

Lord Mayor O'Connor has written a letter stating that by his declaration at the Phoenix Park meeting on Sunday night last, that he would haul down the flag on the Madison House the moment the Prince of Wales landed at Kingston, he meant to indicate that the strained relations between Earl Spencer, the Lord-lieutenant, and the Nationalists would prevent the offering of municipal hospitality to the Prince of Wales while he was the guest of Earl Spencer. The Lord Mayor regrets that he was misunderstood, and says he had not the remotest intention to offer an insult to the Prince of Wales.

PARIS, March, 4.—After the capture of Lang son General Negrier pursued the Chinese toward the frontier, capturing a series of redoubts. The Chinese retreated in the direction of Tanke, abandoning war material. Lubin Phoo commands the Yunnan army, against which General Briere de Lisle is advancing.

France proposes that the Zui Canal be free free in times of peace.

The French transport Tonquin, formerly the City of Paris, came in collision with another transport off Malaga and was sunk, carrying down 21 of her crew. The remainder were rescued.

The Governor General of Cape Colony has informed the President of the transvaal and the Orange Free State that the British Government will not violate the independence of either of these States.

A PERFECT BEAUTY.

Perfect beauty can only be attained by pure blood and good health. These requirements give the possessor a pleasant expression, fair, clear skin and the rosy bloom of health. Burdock Blood Purifiers purify the blood and tone the entire system to a healthy action.

The last convoy of wounded from Gakdul has arrived. Gen. Wolsley's headquarters will shortly be removed to Dongola.

During February 147 immigrants arrived in Ont. Eighteen went to Manitoba, and 26 to the States. During February last year the arrivals were 230.

WELL AS EVER.

Lottie Howard writes from Buffalo N. Y. My system became so greatly debilitated through arduous professional duties; suffered from nervous, sick headache and biliousness. Tried Blood Purifiers with the most beneficial result. Am as well as ever.

WESTERN JUDICIAL BOARD.

In addition to the appointments published in last week's issue the following were made. W. H. Hannam, Gaoler at \$700 per annum. H. B. Collier, Forestry, 600 " " H. Spencer, M. D. Surgeon 200 " " W. A. Macdonald was appointed Solicitor and J. H. Brookes District engineer. In the afternoon session Mr. Currie, of Currie's Landing appeared before the Board, asking for a grant of \$100 towards defraying the expenses of running his ferry across the Assiniboine River. He was told that as the ferry lay wholly within the Municipality of Cornwallis, the Board had no power to take action in the matter.

Mrs. W. H. Hannam was appointed matron to the goal at a salary of \$50. George Winter was appointed auditor for the books of last year, he with the other two auditors to be paid \$25 each for their services.

Communications were received from Cars & Nelson enclosing an account against old Minnesota of \$9.65. The sec-treas. was instructed to prepare further information respecting the matter for the Deputy Minister. Approved by H. H. Smith and Sifton, recommending the Board to make no appointments. H. H. Smith's pending contempt charges in the a. t. Filed.

P. O. Henry Duran, J. P. enclosing and giving particulars of account of Douglas McDonald for constable fees in Queen vs. Duran amounting to \$22.50. Ordered to be paid.

From W. A. Doyle, J. P. and Deputy-at-Law general, relating to the payment of constables' fees. Filed.

From C. Cliffe enclosing account for \$11.90 balance claimed to be due him in printing contract. Ordered to be paid less \$1.50.

From District Auditor respecting the amount levied by the Municipality of Elton in 1884 for District and County purposes. Filed.

From District Auditor respecting progress to date in his audit of municipalities accounts. Upon request he presented the reports of his audit of the following Municipalities, Elton, Oakland, Cornwallis and Day, which were adopted.

In reference to the chairman's address it was moved by W. J. Helliwell seconded by J. W. Gillis that all accounts for supplies for the year of expenditure for the Board be submitted to the Board before payment, with the exception of fees and salaries which shall be paid monthly. Carried.

The Board then adjourned till February 26th at 10 a. m. when the report of the sec-treas. was considered.

Cluses 1, 2, and 3 were approved. In connection with clause 1, the following communications were read and the clause approved:

Sec-Treas. of Riverside respecting payment made by the municipality on account of liabilities of old Riverside.

James Lang, ex-Warden of old Riverside respecting terms of settlement of old River side and Deloraine.

James Fleming ex-Warden of old Deloraine respecting the same matter.

Moved by W. S. Cronar, seconded by W. J. Helliwell, that in order to effect a settlement of the differences between the old Municipalities of Riverside and Deloraine, he resolved that the old municipality of Riverside be now debited with the sum of \$75.00 and the old Municipality of Deloraine be credited with the same amount and that after the adjustment is completed the arrears of taxes within each of the present Municipality of Riverside, Whitewater, Deloraine and Turtle Mountain, shall become their property respectively and they shall receive direct credit for all such arrears collected by the board. Carried.

Moved by George Foster, seconded J. D. Gillis. That the Municipality of Riverside be charged with the price of one of the two two-sheeted papers both of which are in possession of that municipality and the Municipality of Whitewater, be credited with the same. Carried.

In connection with clause 5 the minutes of the meeting of the Mayor and Reeves of the municipalities within the County of Brandon were read and the clause was approved.

Moved by W. J. Helliwell seconded by George Foster, that the minutes of the meeting of the Mayor and Reeves of the municipalities within the County of Brandon, held on the 13th inst., be spread upon the minutes of this meeting of the Board, and that the matters therein referred to be adjusted and settled pursuant to the resolutions passed at such meeting. Carried.

In connection with clause 6, a communication was read from E. Fritz Backe offering to supply Babcock Fire Extinguishers for \$45 each. The price named was considered too high and the sec-treas. was instructed to make further enquiries with a view to their being obtained at a lower figure. The clause was approved.

Moved by J. D. Gillis seconded by George Foster, that the sec-treas. be authorized to purchase two Babcock Fire Extinguishers for the protection of the court house, and read with the approval of the Minister of Public Works be given to the expenditure. Carried.

In connection with clause 7 a communication from C. P. Miller, tendering to fit up the basement of the Court House as a residence for the caretaker and fireman was read and approved.

Moved by J. D. Gillis that no action be taken in the matter of the caretaker's residence until the Minister of Public Works has been consulted. Carried.

Reeve Forsyth, of Odanah, appeared before the Board representing that his municipality was unable to collect sufficient taxes to pay the amount due the Board and to meet its obligations for school District purposes. He was informed that his council must endeavor to collect by distress or suit and that after due action had been taken to that end, the arrears of Taxes Rolls could be sent in to the Board and a certificate could be obtained from the sec-treas. for the same in which a loan could be negotiated from a bank to enable them to pay their liabilities to the Board and to the school districts; and further that a tax sale would be held in a short time.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The consideration of the sec-treas. report was resumed.

In connection with clause eight, a communication from the rec-treas. being special report on Deloraine County Court was read and with the clause approved.

Cluses 9 and 10 were approved and it was decided to take no action in the matter of

balances due by the various municipalities the Board at present, as since the report was written the sec-treas. reported that about \$1400 had been received from them on account but the sec-treas. was instructed to prepare a by-law to authorize the obtaining of a loan of \$2,000 from the bank to meet the expenses of the approaching session for other purposes should such be required at the next meeting of this Board.

In connection with clause 11, which was proposed by the sec-treas. was called in and to the Board considered the figure of 1 cent per prisoner per day for feeding prisoners was excessive and that the cost should be according to the scale of diet and price of rations exacted about 12½ cents per prisoner.

The report was adopted. By-Law No. 15 entitled "By-law to confirm the appointment of officers of the Warden's Court in District Board and to fix the salaries" was read three times and passed.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:

A & W J D B.	
W. A. Macdonald Fees as Solicitor	\$123.06
S. H. Steele, H. H. Officer	18.54
J. H. M. Smith, " "	150.14
R. D. Richardson, Books, Stationery and printing	23.50
J. H. Browder, Books and stationery	10.50
Wm. Barr, Brandon County Court	380.75
W. E. Owens, Old Minnesota	9.65
E. A. H. Bro, Minnesota Railway Office	240.00
A. P. Stewart, Deloraine Ry Office	485.00
R. D. Richardson, Old Minnesota	6.20
A. Sifers, Shool Lake and Russell	100.00
Eastern District Board, keep of prisoners	53.50
C. S. Miller R-pairs	77.00
G. O. Thomas	5.00
Whitehead & White, prison clothing	5.70
Col. & Saunders, prisoners clothing	9.23
T. H. Brown, Food	1.20
M. O. Macdonald, Food	2.70
Cameron & Cunningham, food	3.65
C. N. Maywood, Stable	2.50
Henry James Audit, expenses	49.12
A. Macdonald, Health Officer	16.00
Moved by J. D. Gillis seconded by W. S. Cronar, that a motion be forwarded to the Lieutenant Governor in Council to the following effect: With a view to the more economical administration of justice in this District—in its localities at distances from the county goal where lock-ups have been provided, where persons have been committed to imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty days, in order to save the cost of transport of such prisoners and the persons in charge of them to the District goal, such prisoners be incarcerated in the local lock-up and that the party in charge of same be allowed a fixed fee (To be continued.)	

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED for Paisley School District. Duties to commence on 1st of April. State salary. Apply to J. A. MAGEE, Sec-Treas. Carleton P. O.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Sewing by the day, in families, by a first-class dressmaker, recently from Ontario. Apply at this office.

WANTED—Two servant girls. Apply at BRADBURY HOUSE, Brandon.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A comfortable medium sized dwelling, in a good location and convenient to the business portion of the city. Apply to J. B. Mail office.

LOST.

LOST—On Tuesday the 2nd inst., between the Court House and the Junction, Estee, a half-acre lot. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at the Police Station, Brandon, or with Mr. W. J. Kerr, Junction Estate. Feb. 2nd, 1885.

Store to Let!

ON ROSER AVENUE, between 9th and 10th streets. Apply to MISS M. A. BRISTOL, Rosser Avenue.

GRAND CARNIVAL

Under the auspices of the Brandon City Band

—AT THE—

ROSSER AV. SKATING RINK,

March 19th, '85

PRIZES

Will be given for best Costumes.

ADMISSION, 25c.

Municipality of

WHITEHEAD.

Court of Revision

Notice is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the assessment clauses of the Manitoba Municipal Act, 1884, at Alexander, on

Wednesday, April 1st, 1885

to hear and determine any appeals against the assessment of the Municipality for 1885. All persons having business at the said court are required to attend at the said time and place. Dated this 26th day of Feb., 1885.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Clerk of said Municipality.